

Name:

Score:

Gr. & Sec.

Teacher:

PART I – MULTIPLE CHOICE

Directions: Read each question carefully. Choose the letter of the correct answer.

1. What is history?
 - A. A plan for the future
 - B. A meaningful story or record about the past
 - C. A study of numbers only
 - D. A type of government

2. Which social science studies artifacts and remains left by ancient people?
 - A. Economics
 - B. Sociology
 - C. Archaeology
 - D. Geography

3. Which of the following is an example of a primary source?
 - A. A textbook written years later
 - B. A diary written by someone who witnessed an event
 - C. A website summary
 - D. A movie about history

4. The Philippines is called an archipelago because it has _____.
 - A. many mountains
 - B. many rivers
 - C. many islands
 - D. many deserts

5. Who proposed the Continental Drift Theory?
 - A. Bailey Willis
 - B. Alfred Wegener
 - C. Charles Darwin
 - D. Felipe Landa Jocano

6. Which theory explains that the Philippines was formed through volcanic activity?
 - A. Land Bridge Theory
 - B. Core Population Theory
 - C. Volcanic Theory
 - D. Evolution Theory

7. According to Filipino mythology, who came out of the bamboo?
 - A. Adam and Eve
 - B. Malakas and Maganda

- C. Tabon Man and Callao Man
- D. Peter Bellwood and Jocano

8. What livelihood was common among early Filipinos living near seas?

- A. Fishing
- B. Factory work
- C. Mining only
- D. Office work

9. What does agriculture involve?

- A. Building houses
- B. Growing crops and raising animals
- C. Making laws
- D. Studying artifacts

10. Which community lived in high places such as mountains?

- A. Ilawud
- B. Ilaya
- C. Coastal community
- D. Trading community

PART II – TRUE OR FALSE

Directions: Write TRUE if the statement is correct and FALSE if it is incorrect.

- 11. History helps people understand the past and connect it to the present.
- 12. Geography studies how places and environments affect people's lives.
- 13. Secondary sources are created by people who directly witnessed an event.
- 14. Early Filipinos used the barter system before using coins.
- 15. Scientific theories about origins are based on evidence and research.

PART III – MATCHING TYPE

Directions: Match Column A with Column B. Write the letter of the correct answer.

Column A

- ____ 16. Smallest unit of government in ancient Filipino society
- ____ 17. Leader of a barangay
- ____ 18. Government system led by a sultan
- ____ 19. Highest social class
- ____ 20. Middle social class
- ____ 21. Lowest social class

Column B

- A. Agurang
- B. Alipin
- C. Barangay
- D. Datu
- E. Maharlika and Timawa
- F. Maginoo

- | | |
|---|-----------------|
| _____ 22. Ritual that symbolized friendship, trust, and unity | G. Ruma Bichara |
| _____ 23. Council of advisers to the sultan | H. Sanduguan |
| _____ 24. Town crier who announced important information | I. Sultanate |
| _____ 25. Elders who served as advisers to the datu | J. Umalohokan |

PART IV – ARRANGE IN ORDER

Directions: Arrange the choices in the correct order.

26. Arrange the events according to the Land Bridge Theory.

- ___ Sea levels rose
- ___ Land became islands
- ___ Land connected Asia and the Philippines
- ___ Ice melted

PART V – WORD BANK

Directions: Choose the correct word from the word bank to complete each sentence.

Word Bank:			
archipelago	Tabon Man	barter	balanghai

- 27. The Philippines is an _____ made up of many islands.
- 28. The ancient human remains discovered in Tabon Caves are called _____.
- 29. Early Filipinos exchanged goods through the _____ system.
- 30. Ancient boats found in Butuan are called _____.

PART VI – FILL IN THE BLANK

Directions: Write the correct word or phrase.

- 31. The study of old objects and artifacts is called _____.
- 32. The scientist who developed the Theory of Evolution was _____.
- 33. The theory explaining migration from Southern China is the _____ Migration Theory.
- 34. Communities near rivers and seas were called _____.
- 35. The study of resources, needs, and wants is called _____.

PART VII – SELECT ALL THAT APPLY

Directions: Select all correct answers.

36. Which are examples of primary sources?

- ☐ Diaries
- ☐ Interviews
- ☐ Textbooks written years later
- ☐ Official documents

37. Which factors helped shape the Philippines?

- ☐ Movement of tectonic plates
- ☐ Volcanic activity
- ☐ Natural forces
- ☐ Modern technology

38. Which were industries of early Filipinos?

- ☐ Pottery making
- ☐ Boat building
- ☐ Metalworking
- ☐ Computer programming

PART VIII – SHORT ANSWER

Directions: Answer each question in 2–3 complete sentences.

39. Explain how the environment affected the livelihood of early Filipinos.

40. Why should people respect different explanations about the origins of Filipinos?

Answer key – First Term

PART I – MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. B. A meaningful story or record about the past
2. C. Archaeology
3. B. A diary written by someone who witnessed an event
4. C. Many islands
5. B. Alfred Wegener
6. C. Volcanic Theory
7. B. Malakas and Maganda
8. A. Fishing
9. B. Growing crops and raising animals
10. B. Ilaya

PART II – TRUE OR FALSE

11. TRUE
12. TRUE
13. FALSE
14. TRUE
15. TRUE

PART III – MATCHING TYPE

16. C. Barangay
17. D. Datu
18. I. Sultanate
19. F. Maginoo
20. E. Maharlika and Timawa
21. B. Alipin
22. H. Sanduguan
23. G. Ruma Bichara
24. J. Umalohokan
25. A. Agurang

PART IV – ARRANGE IN ORDER

26.
 1. Land connected Asia and the Philippines
 2. Ice melted
 3. Sea levels rose
 4. Land became islands

PART V – WORD BANK

27. archipelago

- 28. Tabon Man
- 29. barter
- 30. balanghais

PART VI – FILL IN THE BLANK

- 31. Archaeology
- 32. Charles Darwin
- 33. Austronesian
- 34. Ilawud
- 35. Economics

PART VII – SELECT ALL THAT APPLY

- 36. Diaries, Interviews, Official documents
- 37. Movement of tectonic plates, Volcanic activity, Natural forces
- 38. Pottery making, Boat building, Metalworking

PART VIII – SHORT ANSWER (Suggested Answers)

- 39. Early Filipinos adapted their livelihood based on their environment. Communities near seas focused on fishing and trade, while communities in highlands practiced farming.
- 40. People have different explanations based on science, mythology, and religion. Respecting different views helps promote understanding.